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DATE MAILED: 09/25/2006

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/076,141	02/15/2002	Wayne E. Conrad	88630.213CIP	9852
759	90 09/25/2006		EXAM	INER
Henry N. Wixon		CHORBAJI, MONZER R		
Hale and Dorr L	LP			•
Suite 1000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1455 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW			1744	
Washington, De	C 22201			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/076,141	CONRAD ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
MONZER R. CHORBAJI	1744

•	MONZER R. CHORBAJI	1744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>07 September 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE TH		•	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or			indonment of
this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow	wing replies: (1) an amendment, af	fidavit, or other evider	nce, which
places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No			
a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in complian	ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply m	iust be filed within one	of the following
time periods:	and the final valuation		
 a) The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A 		in the final rejection, wh	iohovoria lator. In
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire			
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or		•	
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex-	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.	136(a) and the appropria	te extension fee
under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the	shortened statutory period for reply orio	inally set in the final Offi	ce action: or (2) as
set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late	r than three months after the mailing da	ate of the final rejection,	even if timely filed,
may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		
NOTICE OF APPEAL	A bailefin annualle ann aith 07 OFD	44.07	
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>07 September 2006</u>. A of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)) 	A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 4	41.37 must be filed with the avoid of	thin two months
appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any repl			
AMENDMENTS	, what so med warm the arms poin		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	f. will not be entered b	ecause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co			00000
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo		, = , = , , ,	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be	tter form for appeal by materially re	educing or simplifying	the issues for
appeal; and/or			
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		jected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s			
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a	llowable if submitted in a separate,	, timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
non-allowable claim(s). 7. X For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a)	☐ will not be entered or b) ☑ w	ill be entered and an	avalanation of
how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro		ili be entered and an e	explanation of
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	vided bolow of appointed.		
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-16 and 18-21</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
B. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	It before or on the date of filing a N	lotice of Appeal will no	nt he entered
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an	d sufficient reasons why the affida	vit or other evidence is	s necessary and
was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			,
Θ . \square The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing	a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the	e date of filing a brief,	will <u>not</u> be
entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	eal and/or appellant fai	ils to provide a
showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	- ·		•
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after e	entry is below or attact	ned.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by	it does NOT place the application i	in condition for allower	naa haaaysa:
See Continuation Sheet.	at does 1401 place the application i	in condition for allowar	nce because.
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
13. Other:	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4	•
- .		1/4/1	
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		WILLIAM H. B	
		PRIMARY EX	AMINER
		GROUP/	144

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Response to Arguments

On page 5 of the Remarks section; applicant argues that Meston teaches that the range of 2-15 degrees should cover most scrubbing applications, that there is no motivation to modify Meston to teach the recited angle and that further, Meston teaches away from using higher angles than disclosed. The examiner disagrees for the following reasons. Instant amended claim 1 would be rejected under obviousness over Meston. The disclosure as a whole does not provide any criticality regarding range for angles. See pages 2-3, where any angle value meets the requirments of the invention as long as it forms eddies and that the value of the angle depends on the velocities of the fluid to be contacted and the rate of flow of the fluid to be introduced. Meston apparatus including the angle of the baffles are designed for placement on a mobile unit as explained in column 5, lines 29-60. Meston teaches in column 5, a critical angle range. This teaching is based on the fact that Meston apparatus is designed for mobility purposes. Furthermore, Meston teaches in column 5, that the number and angles of the baffles depend on the height of the contacting chamber. One of ordinary skill in the art wanting to design a non-portable mixing device would realize based upon Meston guidance that the number of baffles as well as their angle range are to be modified for an apparatus intended to be not loaded on trucks and would also recognize based upon Meston teachings that as the height of the contact chamber is manipulated so does the number and angles of the baffles. Clearly, absent any evidence of criticality to upwardly inclination angles, determining the proper range of the upwardly inclined angles is a matter of routine experimentation.

On page 6 of the Remarks section; applicant argues that, no such teaching is present in Turk, and no proper motivation has been provided for making such a modification, that the examiner has not pointed to any teaching or suggestion in the prior art would have motivated one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the baffles to the specific range as recited in the instant amended claim 1. The examiner disagrees for the following reasons. Instant amended claim 1 would be rejected under obviousness over Turk in veiw of Meston. The disclosure as a whole does not provide any criticality regarding range for angles. See pages 2-3, where any angle value meets the requirments of the invention as long as it forms eddies and that the value of the angle depends on the velocities of the fluid to be contacted and the rate of flow of the fluid to be introduced. Hence, since no ciriticality is taught in the instant dislosure, and the prior art encompasses such newly added feature, determining the proper range of upwardly inclined angles is a matter of routine experimentation. See MPEP 2144.05, II.